Student Name:

Student ID Number:



Project COMPLETE Instrumentation Course Student Pre-Test

- 1. Which of the following would be an example of a primary element:
 - a. Controller
 - b. Control valve
 - c. Transmitter
 - d. Capacitor
- 2. An air conditioning unit would likely use which type of control:
 - a. Proportional
 - b. On/Off
 - c. Manual
 - d. Reciprocal
- 3. The desired value that a process is to be operated at is the:
 - a. Range
 - b. Span
 - c. Set point
 - d. Control variable
- 4. The difference between the maximum and the minimum values of a range is called the:
 - a. Error
 - b. Span
 - c. Set point
 - d. Variable
- 5. An arrangement of instruments used to control a process is a:
 - a. System
 - b. Final element
 - c. Process Unit
 - d. Loop

- 6. Electricity moves the worst through which material?
 - a. Silicon
 - b. Glass
 - c. Water
 - d. Copper
- 7. Indicate all that apply. Creating an open circuit:
 - a. Causes an LED to shine
 - b. Causes the voltage to push electrons to move
 - c. Gives no place for electrons to go
 - d. Tells electrons where to go
- 8. Your laptop consumes 38.1 Watts of electricity. If the current is 14.9 A, the voltage used by your laptop is closest to:
 - a. 1.567 V
 - b. 2.136 V
 - c. 2.557 V
 - d. 2.789 V
- 9. You have constructed a parallel plate capacitor using Teflon (ϵ = 2.1) as the dielectric material. The area overlap of the plates is 0.98 m², and the distance between the plates in 0.62 mm. When applying 3.5 V to the capacitor, the capacitance is closest to:
 - a. 0.029 µF
 - b. $0.090 \,\mu F$
 - c. 0.220 µF
 - d. 0.358 µF

10. For the circuit given below, I is the current leaving the voltage source. The voltage source is closest to:

- a. 9.8 V
- b. 12.9 V
- c. 14.6 V
- d. 18.0 V

