## Goals:

- Demonstrate division of decimals with drawings and concrete models
- Solve real world problems involving division of decimals


## Prerequisite Knowledge

- Understand division as partitioning by groups and partitioning by objects per group
- Familiar with base-ten block representation of decimal numbers
- Know multiplication facts up through $9 \times 9$


## Activities:

1. Locate either your $1 / 10$ fraction strip or day 10 notes, problem 2 , the last number line (the marked $1 / 10$ 's line).
a. Using either your fraction strip or notes, solve $1 \div \frac{1}{10}$. (Recall: $1 \div \frac{1}{10}$ means how many $\qquad$ are in $\qquad$
b. How does the problem $1 \div \frac{1}{10}$ relate to the problem $1 \div 0.1$ ?
c. How does the problem $1 \div 0.1$ relate to the problem $10 \div 1$ ? (Hint: You may want to think about or use the rod in the base-ten blocks.)
d. Solve $1 \div 0.1$ using the long division pencil-and-paper method. Show all work. Be prepared to discuss your work with the class.
e. Whole Class Discussion: How do we solve $1 \div 0.1$ procedurally?
2. Working with a partner, given the problem, $0.1 \div 2$,
a. Give an estimate for result.
b. Assume that the flat represents a 1.
i. What place value would the rod represent?
ii. How does this relate to our division problem?
iii. What value would the small cube represent?
iv. What value would the large cube represent?
c. Draw the solution to the division problem using base-ten blocks.
d. Solve this problem using the paper-and-pencil long division method. Be prepared to share your results with the class.
3. Working with a partner and given the problem $4 \div 11$
a. Give a quick estimate for the answer. (For example, the answer is between $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ . These blanks can be natural numbers like $1,2,3,4$, etc.)
b. Solve this division problem using the paper-and-pencil long division method. Be prepared to share your results with the class.

## Lesson: Division of Decimal Numbers

## Instructor Notes

## Goals:

- Demonstrate division of decimals with drawings and concrete models
- Solve real world problems involving division of decimals


## Prerequisite Knowledge

- Understand division as partitioning by groups and partitioning by objects per group
- Familiar with base-ten block representation of decimal numbers
- Know multiplication facts up through $9 \times 9$


## Lesson Materials:

- Student Notes for Day 12
- Fraction strip folded for $1 / 10$ or unfolded strips to hand out


## Lesson Breakdown:

| Activity | Size of Group | Time in Activity <br> Total Time: 115 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Division using the number line or <br> fraction strip | Individually then whole class <br> Division with Base-10 blocks <br> $4 \div 11$ <br> Working with a partner then <br> whole class | 20 minutes |
| Break | Working with a partner then <br> whole class | 20 minutes |
| Post Test | Individually | 15 minutes |
|  |  | 5 minutes |
|  |  | 5 minutes |

Activities:
4. Locate either your $1 / 10$ fraction strip or day 10 notes, problem 2 , the last number line (the marked $1 / 10$ 's line).
a. Using either your fraction strip or notes, solve $1 \div \frac{1}{10}$. (Recall: $1 \div \frac{1}{10}$ means how many $\frac{1}{10}$ are in _

b. How does the problem $1 \div \frac{1}{10}$ relate to the problem $1 \div 0.1$ ?

c. How does the problem $1 \div 0.1$ relate to the problem $10 \div 1$ ? (Hint: You may want to think about or use the rod in the base-ten blocks.)
The two problems have the same result.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { There are } \\
& \text { There are }
\end{aligned}
$$

10

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { dimes in a dollar } \\
& \text { ones in a \$ } \$ 10 \text { bill. }
\end{aligned}
$$

d. Solve $1 \div 0.1$ using the long division pencil-and-paper method. Show all work. Be prepared to discuss your work with the class.

0

e. Whole Class Discussion: How do we solve $1 \div 0.1$ procedurally?

the
division problem

one

5. Working with a partner, given the problem, $0.1 \div 2$,
a. Give an estimate for result.


Better
equal

mme that the flat presents a 1 .
i. What place value would the rod represent?

ii. How does this relate to our division problem?

iii. What value would the small cube represent?
a hundredth or penny.
iv. What value would the large cube represent?

c. Draw the solution to the division problem using base-ten blocks.

d. Solve this problem using the paper-and-pencil long division method. Be prepared to share your results with the class.
6. Working with a partner and given the problem $4 \div 11$
a. Give a quick estimate for the answer. (For example, the answer is between $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ . These blanks can be natural numbers like 1, 2, 3, 4, etc.)
varies
b. Solve this division problem using the paper-and-pencil long division method. Be prepared to share your results with the class.


