

Module 1 – Objectives

Operations	Research the specific vehicle and demonstrate knowledge of how the ADAS system works on it. Identify the various switches and instrument panel indicators that are ADAS related.
Components	Identify the location and describe the operation of the various ADAS components such as radar, lidar, cameras, ultrasonic sensors, related modules, etc.
Diagnostics	Demonstrate knowledge of which other systems are related to ADAS (ex. ABS, ECM, Steering, etc.).
Repair/Replace	Perform a vehicle inspection (pre-service), paying special attention to ADAS components.
Calibration	Identify what conditions or situations would cause a technician to perform a calibration.



Operation of ADAS System

- Knowing the operation of the system you are working on is key to being able to repair the ADAS system.
- Without knowing "how it works", you really are working blind.
- Many technicians have worked on a problem for a very long time before realizing that what they are trying to fix is really "normal operation"
- You can find Description and Operation in the service manual, and this is always where you need to start.







thereby support insurance claims and legal exposure.



* Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration Office of Research and Analysis Publication No. FMCSA-RRA-07-017, 2007
** FMCSA Onboard Safety Systems Effectiveness Evaluation, 2013





Operation of ADAS System

- The ADAS system works with various systems on the vehicle to help control braking and throttle control
- If the forward radar system "sees" another vehicle, at a selected distance, the ADAS system will back off the engine throttle to reduce speed.
- If more reduction is needed, the Antilock Brake
 System will apply braking to slow down the vehicle.





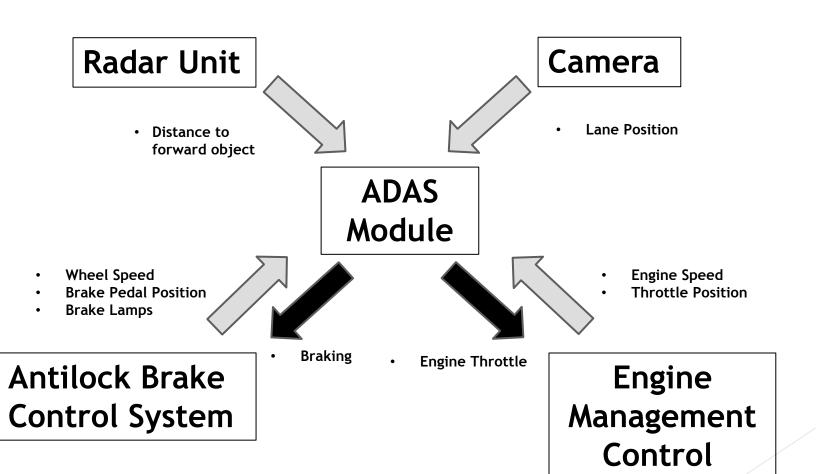
Operation of ADAS System

- The Lane Departure Warning System will use the forward-facing camera to "see" the lines on the road.
- If the system detects that the driver is leaving their lane, an audible sound will alert the driver of that.
- The driver should then correct and steer the truck back into the lane.





ADAS System Communications





Adaptive Cruise Control







Adaptive Cruise Control







Crash Mitigation







Lane Departure Warning







ADAS Components

 ADAS systems use many different components working together to provide features like Adaptive Cruise, Lane Departure Warning, Crash Mitigation, and other related autonomous driving systems.



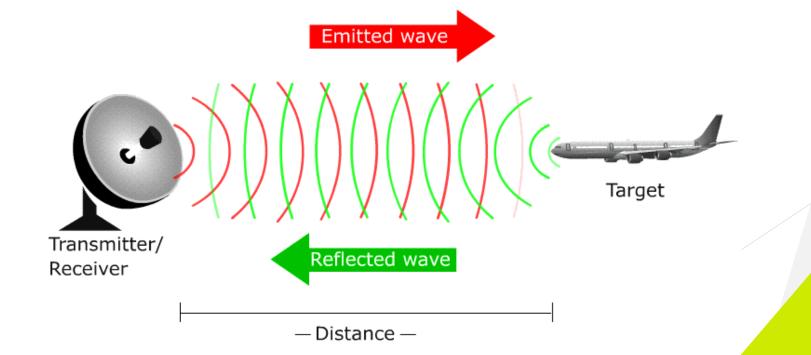


Radar

Radar has been around since before World War 2.

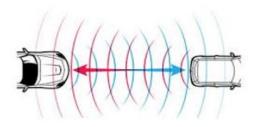
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 You may know it best when hearing about aviation. It works by emitting radar waves that bounce off objects, and the waves that come back will generate an image of what the object is. Radar can also judge distance based on the time it takes for the signal to return and whether it is moving towards or away.



Radar

- A truck's radar system works by emitting a radar wave signal from a radar unit mounted in the front of the truck.
- The radar wave signal bounces off that object and is then picked up by the receiver located inside the radar unit.







Radar Components

Radar Module

Located in the Front Bumper Area









Lane Departure Warning Components

- The forward camera mounts to the windshield
- Has the ability to "see" lines on the road, other vehicles, and in some cases, road signs.
- Must be calibrated whenever suspension, steering or ADAS components are serviced when indicated by the service manual.





Lane Departure Warning Components

Windshield mounted forward facing camera









Network Modules



ADAS Control Module

- The central control for the ADAS system.
- Sends and receives inputs and outputs to make the system work.
- Communicates with other modules to control throttle and braking.



Network Modules

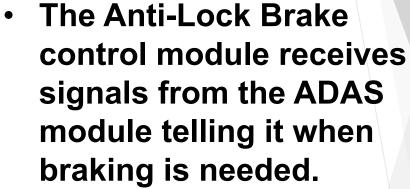


Anti-Lock Brake Control Module

 Sends signals to the ADAS module

about vehicle speed and

brake application.





Network Modules



Engine Control Module

- The Engine Control Module (ECM) receives information from the ADAS module to control the throttle.
- Sends information to the ADAS module about throttle position.



Other Components You May Encounter



- Parking sensors can be used to help with backing trailers
- They can be used in front and rear of vehicles.
- They use ultrasonic waves which are short waves with a maximum distance of 10 Feet.



Other Components You May Encounter

Blind Spot Sensors

- Allows drivers to "See" things happening in their blind spot.
- Can use either radar or sonar.
- Some trucks already equipped.







Other Components You May Encounter

Lidar

- Also known as Doppler Radar
- Last step towards "Autonomous Driving".
- Not currently commercially available.







Additional Operations of ADAS System

- If the vehicle is equipped with "Lane Keeping", the system will gently steer the vehicle back into its lane.
- If the system has Side Object Detection, the system will signal the driver that there is something located in the blind spot.





Other Advanced Technologies

How the Blind Spot system works



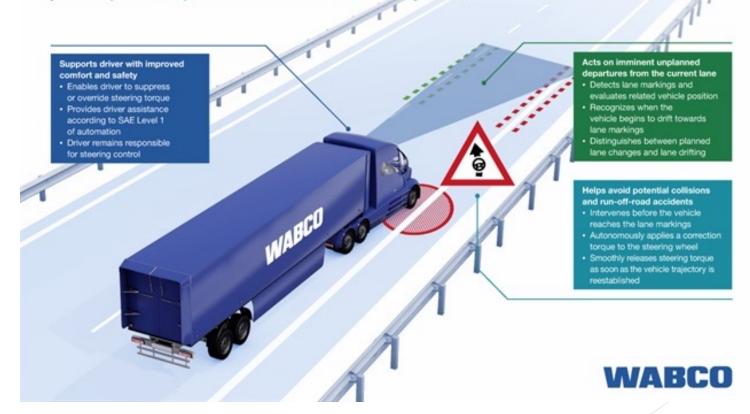




Lane Keeping Assist

OnLaneASSIST[™] Lane Keeping Assist System

Combines unique active steering technology with a forward-looking camera for active lane correction. System helps to avoid potential collisions and run-off-road accidents.

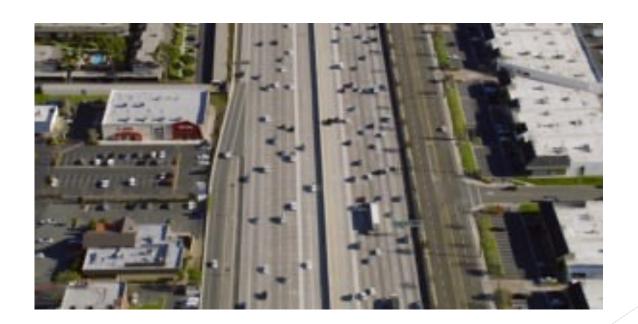






Other Advanced Technologies

 Some versions can steer "Hands Free" in situations of backing trailers, and parking maneuvers (see video)







Pre-Diagnostic Inspection

Do an Inspection Before Working on an ADAS System







Calibration

- Whenever removing or reinstalling a part that is a part of the ADAS system is performed, the system may need to be recalibrated.
- Always check with the appropriate service procedures to find out whether this needs to be done.
- There are 2 types of calibration, static and dynamic. Find out if your system requires a static or dynamic calibration before you continue.
- Failure to recalibrate may result in warning lights or poor operation of the system.





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Get in touch.

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