# ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES

**Components and Considerations** 

# General Motors Hy-Wire

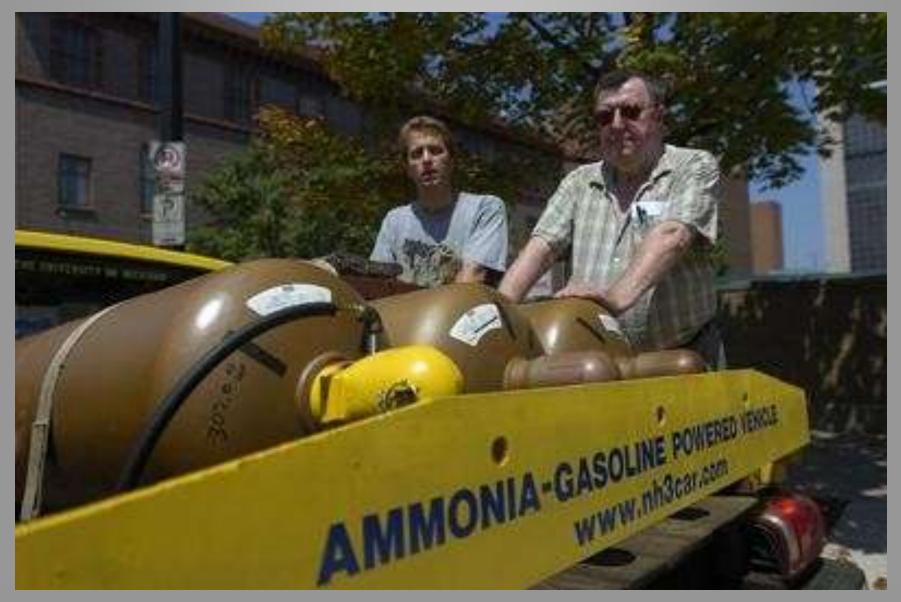


#### **FUELS AND VEHICLES**

### FUELS

- Bio-Derived Fuels
- Stored Hydraulic
- Compressed
   Natural Gas
- Liquid Propane Gas (LPG)
- Electricity
- Hydrogen

#### **FUELS**



#### **MDI One-CAT**

Operates on Compressed Air at 4350psi

Uses 'braking' to recompress air

11 feet long, 3 or 6 seats, less than 1000 pounds



62 mile range; 496 miles with "air-heater"

## **Fuel Additives**

NOX for gasoline
Propane for diesels
Towing/performance additive
Fire/Crash related issues

#### ...and now diesel has its own twist with "DEF", which:



32% Urea in water solution

Smells like ammonia

•Has a pH of 9.5

•May cause sore throat, sneezing, coughing, shortness of breath, and skin irritation.

•Should be absorbed with inert, noncombustible absorbent material if spilled.

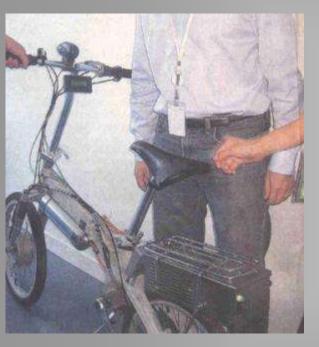
•Gives off carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides, ammonia, biuret, cyanuric acid, and other irritating fumes and smoke during combustion.

### **Common Users**

- City/County/State Fleets
- Universities/Colleges
- Public Transportation
- School Systems
- Utility Companies
- Everyone Else!













## E-85 FUELS POWERED VEHICLES (85% Ethanol in Gasoline)

### E85 Fuels



### E85 Fuels

- Flame is less bright than gasoline flame, but still visible in daylight.
- More flammable than gasoline at low temperatures.
- Ethanol mixes with water. Becomes a "polar/water-miscible flammable liquid".

### E85 Fuels

- For E-85: "UN1203" until 2010, then "UN3475"
- For E-95: "UN1987"
- NAERG: Guide 127, Flammable liquid, n.o.s.
- Use an alcohol-resistant foam to fight fires involving E85 fuel mixtures.

# STORED HYDRAULIC HYBRID

**Stores hydraulic fluid** under pressure during deceleration/stops. Small engine runs a hydraulic pump to turn a motor or store the fluid under pressure **Releases stored hydraulic** fluid to the drive train during acceleration. Being tested in taxis, SUVs, trucks, busses, UPS, FedEx trucks.

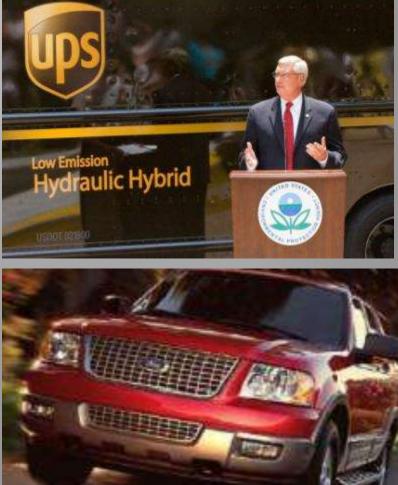


## STORED HYDRAULIC HYBRID

#### Reduces fuel consumption by up to 70%.

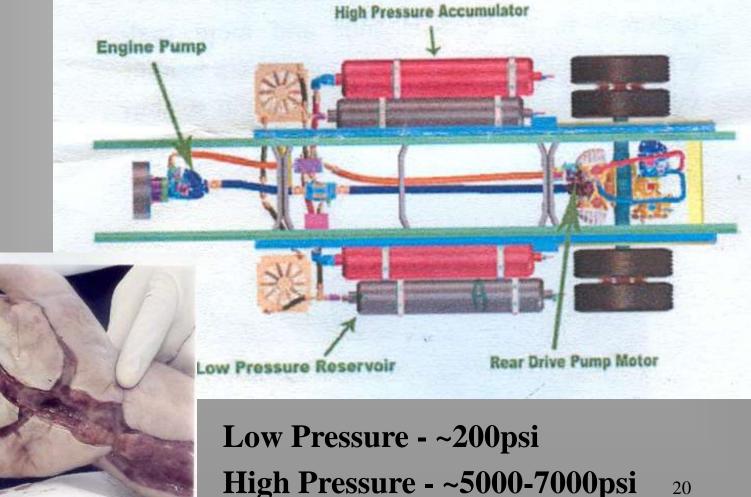
(19mpg for UPS and 35 mpg for Ford Expedition)

Can propel the vehicle several hundred feet without the conventional engine.



#### **STORED HYDRAULIC HYBRID**

Pressurized whenever the key is in the ignition – not just 'on'.



#### **STORED HYDRAULIC HYBRID**

#### Garbage Trucks in Ann Arbor



compress the nitrogen gas there.

saving it as stored energy.



Chrysler proposing a minivan by 2012 speeds up, the diesel engine

kicks in.

### COMPRESSED NATURAL GAS

### **CNG** Properties

- CNG rated at 117 octane fuel
- BTU per # = 22,800 (gasoline = 18,900)
- *Not* a liquid when compressed (it becomes a very close dense gas)
- Not the same as Liquified Natural Gas LNG (cryogenic: -260° to become liquified)
- Lighter than air when released (.6 air)

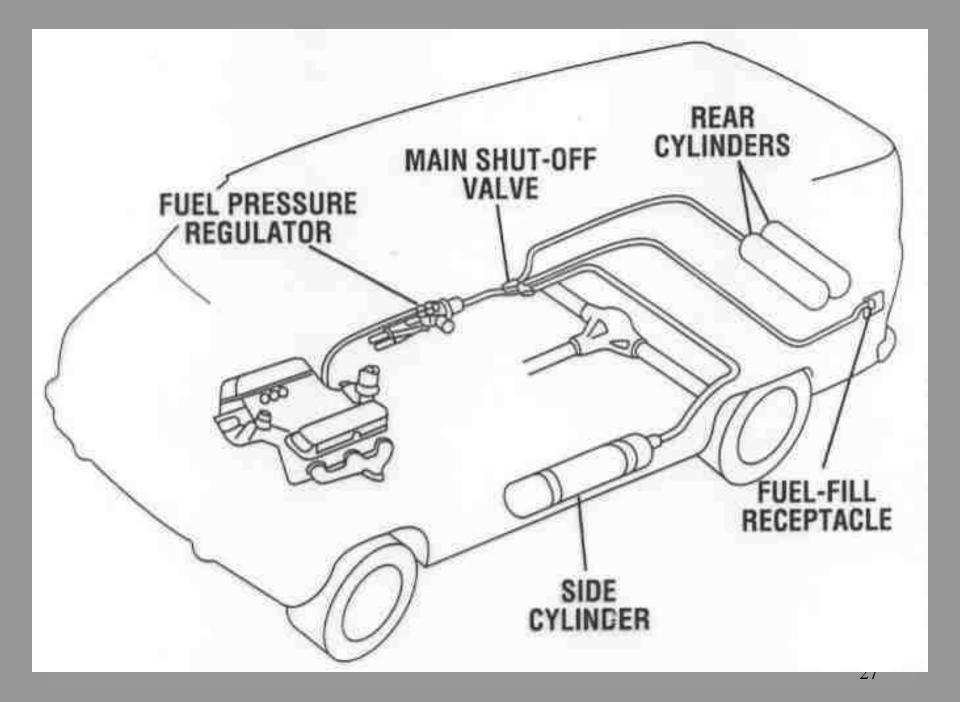
### **CNG** Properties

- LEL / UEL = 4 16% (gasoline = 1.3 7.6)
- 1 cubic foot of CNG = 245 cu.ft. of natural gas at sea level (uncompressed)
- 1 cubic foot of CNG weighs 13#
- 5.66# = 1 Gasoline Gallon Equivalent (GGE)
- Honda Civic tank = 8 GGE



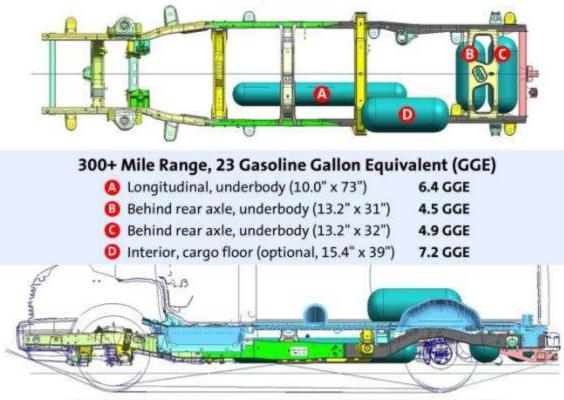


Photo by Ryan Lee Berris County Hazne





CNG CARGO VANS: FUEL-EFFICIENT, ENVIRONMENTALLY FRIENDLY



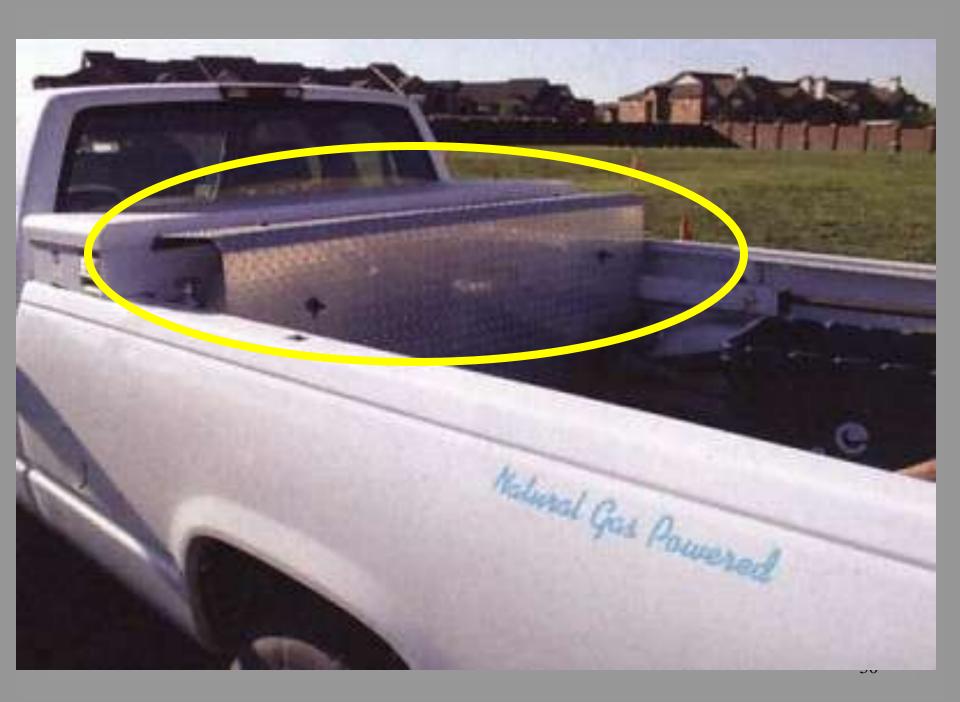
Approach and departure angles and ground clearance provide increased safety



### **Cylinder Properties**

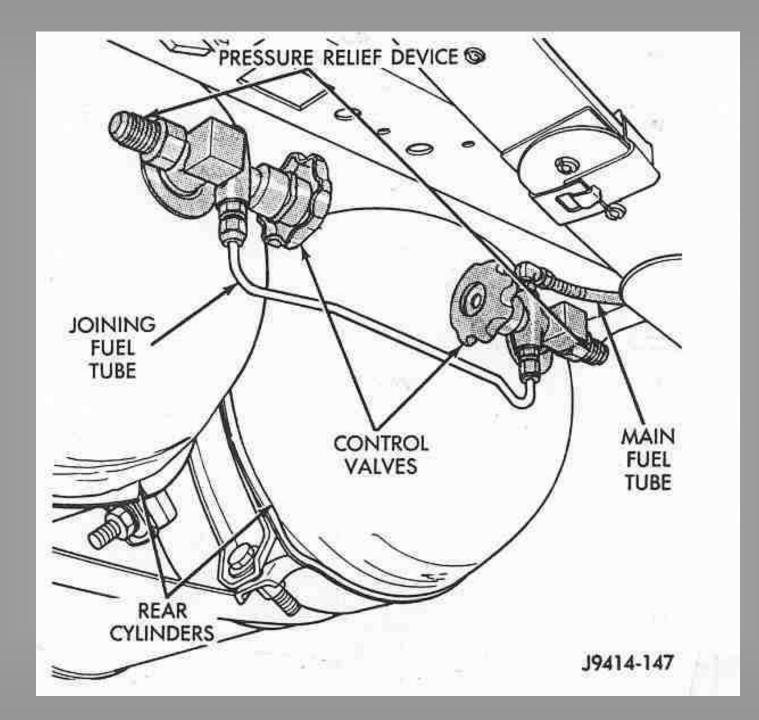
- Four Cylinder Types:
  - Type 1: all metal (steel or aluminum)
  - Type 2: hoop wrapped steel or aluminum
  - Type 3: fully wrapped steel or aluminum
  - Type 4: all-composite (non-metallic)\*

\*Early model Honda Civic uses Type 4; later models use Type 3









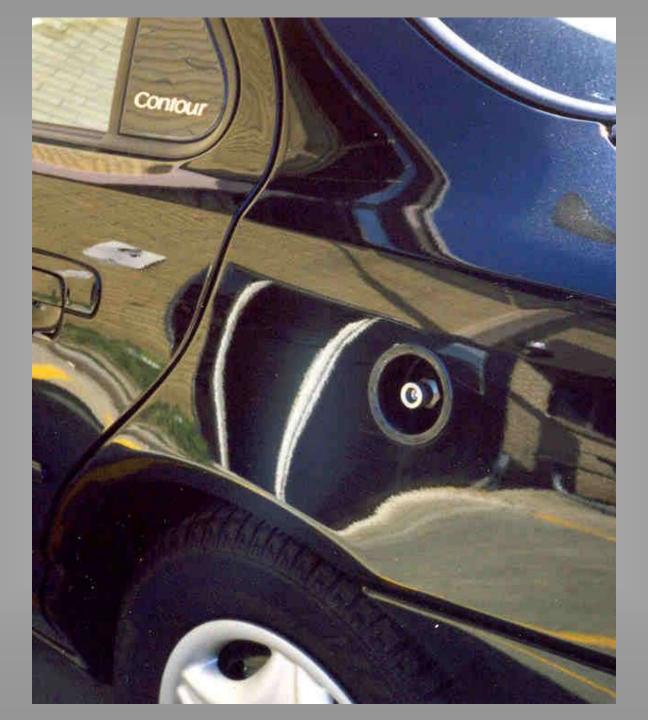
#### Compressed Natural Gas Vehicle Fill Pressure Temperature Compensation Chart

Deg F	2400 PSI	3000 PSI	3600 PSI
100	2700	3400	4125
80	2490	3125	3775
70	2400	3000	3600
60	2300	2850	3425
40	2120	2600	3100
20	1900	2325	2750
0	1700	2075	2400
-20	1520	1800	2075

Caution: Do not exceed manufacturers rated vehicle fill pressure



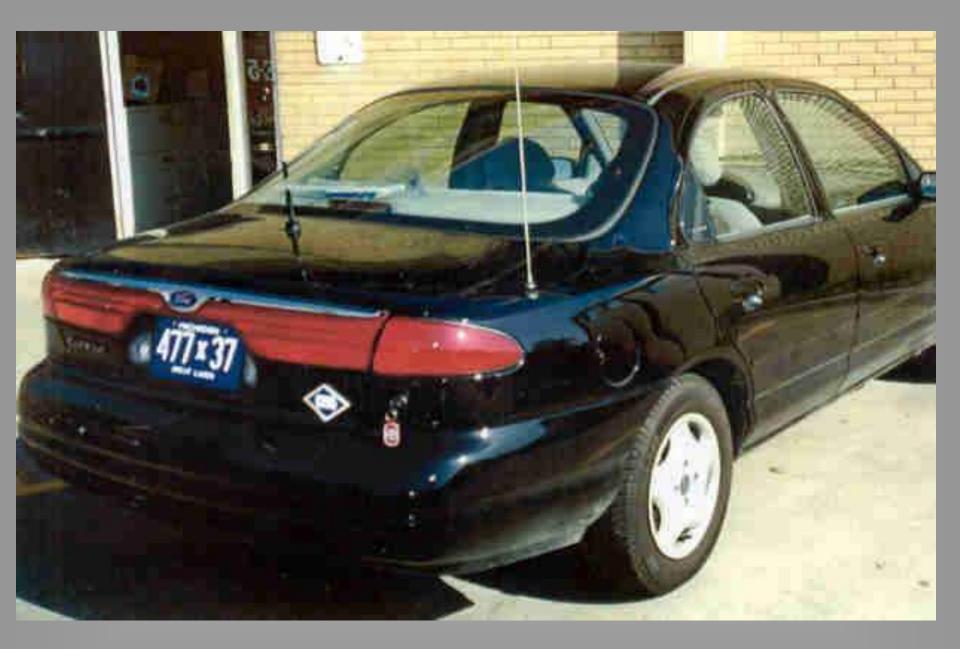






Fuel lines and fittings are tested to 4x their operating pressures.<sup>37</sup>











#### **CNG Rescue/Response**

What are some appropriate steps to take when responding to and arriving at the scene of an accident involving a compressed natural gas powered vehicle?

### **CNG Rescue/Response**

- ID as an AFV (Markings, Fuel Ports, Cylinders, Gauges, Driver...commonly fleet vehicles like city/county/state, taxis, shuttles.)
- Communicate
- Chock wheels
- Set Brake
- Engage 'park'
- Turn Vehicle Off

#### **CNG Rescue/Response**

- Open Doors
- Turn Manual Fuel Shut-off Valve Off
- Turn Gas Cylinders Off
- Check for leaks and damage around tanks and system

#### **CNG Rescue/Response (cont)**

- Never cut any part of the fuel system
- Eliminate Sources of Ignition
- If fire starts, refer to "Fire Response" guide.

## **CNG** Fire Response



CNG Bus Boise, Idaho

Venting System prevented explosion.

Extinguished approx. 15 minutes after initial call.



#### Historical Information

- Several NHTSA (National Highway Traffic Safety Administration) investigations
  - Example: January 27, 2003; Ford Crown Victoria on fire with flame impingement on CNG tank. The tank failed catastrophically prior to Pressure Relief Device (PRD) functioning.
  - Vehicle recall with dealers installing additional insulation behind back seat.
  - Number of vehicles still needing repair???



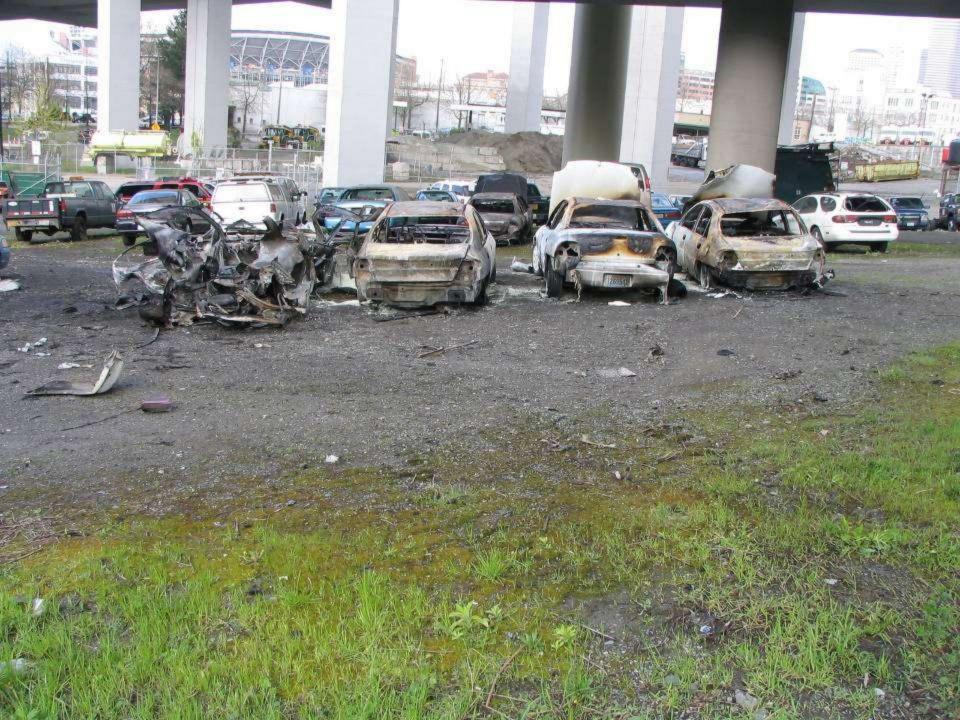


## Auto Fire with Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) Fuel Tank Explosion

Prepared By Seattle Fire Department Operations Division April 2, 2007

## Arson: Incident #26564

- Dispatch 0230 hours for car fire (E10)
- E10 arrived and requested FIB for multiple vehicles with possible structural exposures (freeway columns and overpasses)
- 12 vehicles damaged or destroyed
- Firefighter near miss when CNG vehicle exploded as E10 crew approached with a handline (approximately 50-75' away)





Tank landed here, moved down hill to here for extinguishment

TRADE IN CASE

-Hole

.....

Composite tank is carbon-fiber / fiberglass wrapped for strength – similar to our SCBA tanks.

## **CNG Fire Response**

- Prevent the fire.
- Follow "Rescue" response steps.
- Look for identifying logos/markings.
- Refer to MSDS and ERG guides. (Book)
- Use normal extinguishing methods; but do not extinguish CNG flame.
- Be aware that PRD/TRD may open; Keep clear of vent. (approx. 212 deg F)

## **CNG Fire Response**

Approach from 45° angle to vehicle ends

- Watch for other hazards, i.e. bumper struts; hood and tailgate struts; airbags; burning fuel runoff; hazardous vehicle contents; exploding tires; other traffic
- Consider cooling streams from a distance

### PROPANE Very Similar to CNG – Much Lower Pressure



Metro Car

Used in construction and farming vehicles since the 1920's. 8/08 – Jack Rousch promotes fleet propane vehicle viability<sup>56</sup>



•Tanks – 3 to 300 gallon **Manual Valves Automatic Shut-off Valves** 240-312 psi rated pressure design 70 F = 132 psi vapor pressure**100 F = 205 psi vapor pressure** 130 F = 300 psi vapor pressure **Pressure Relief Valves set around 312 psi** •Lines – **Carry Liquid Propane to Engine Excess Flow Check Valves Relief Valves set approx. 400-500 psi. Externally accessible shut off valve** 58



Schwann's started researching alternatives in the 1970's. By the 1980's most of the fleet had been converted.

**Utilizes a Liquid Propane Electronic Fuel Injection system, with no evaporator.** 

Estimated fuel savings of over \$30 million annually.

# Brandversuch LPG Autobus

**BF-Wien** 

## Activity 1:

#### List the "Rescue/Response" considerations, and the "Fire Response" considerations for vehicles powered by propane.

### **Propane Rescue/Response**

- ID as an AFV
- Communicate
- Chock wheels
- Set Brake
- Engage 'park'
- Turn Vehicle Off
- Open Doors

### **Propane Rescue/Response**

- Turn Manual Fuel Shut-off Valve Off
- Turn Gas Cylinders Off
- Check for leaks and damage around tanks and system
- Never cut any part of the fuel system
- Contact with liquid propane can cause frostbite
- Eliminate Sources of Ignition

## **Propane Fire Response**

- Prevent the fire.
- Follow "Rescue" response steps.
- Anticipate other common vehicle fire hazards.
- Refer to MSDS and ERG guides.
- Use normal extinguishing methods; Cool from a distance; do not extinguish propane flame.
- Be aware that PRD/TRD may open; Keep clear of PRD vent.

## **CHECK POINT DISCUSSION**

#### Lets go to a bus fire at the Park and Ride lot at M-52 and I-94

Think about: ✓ Size-up ✓ Resources ✓ Priorities ✓ RECEO-VS

### **VIDEO:**

#### **Bus Burns in Parking Lot**

## ...a LOT of information.

## **Questions?**

## ACTIVITY 2: HANDS-ON REVIEW

## ACTIVITY 3: TABLE-TOP DISCUSSIONS

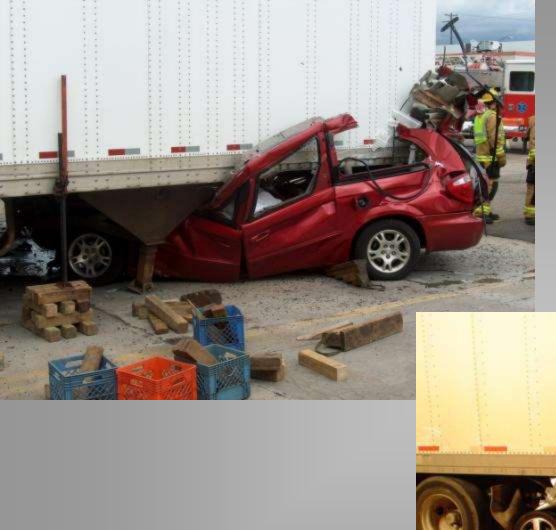
(g) WreckedExotics and their Respective Owners

vww.WreckedE

Car vs. Building involving a 'typical' hybrid electric vehicle? Size up? Shut Down? Patient Access?









## **Small Groups**



Scenario #2

Call:P.I. Accident, in a residentialintersection in your area.

Time:10:30 Saturday Morning.Response:District Engine or Ladder Co.You are dispatched to a P.I. at this intersection.When you arrive, you find that this car (HondaCivic GX) has been hit in the driver's side, rearquarter panel.The impact has pushed the quarterpanel in approximately 10 inches and driver's doorwill no longer shut properly.

The driver of the car, Mr. Wilbur, states that he is sore but is quite anxious about the fuel tank in the trunk of the car. The driver of the other vehicle is standing over on the side of the road smoking a cigar, and states that he has no injuries.

As you approach the vehicle you can smell natural gas. The odor is strongest from under the vehicle. You locate a high-pressure tank securely mounted in the trunk of the car, but it has no external tank valve that you can turn. Scenario #5

- Call: Truck leaking fuel.
- Time: 5:15 Saturday afternoon.
- Response: One fire truck

When you arrive you find a brand new Chevrolet Tahoe, actively spilling fuel out from under the engine compartment. The fuel has formed a 10 foot diameter puddle, flowing slightly out toward the front of the truck. The temperature is 95 degrees, the truck is on asphalt, and the engine is running.

The owner, lights a Marlboro and exclaims that she just filled it up with that corn powered gasoline.



